

## Ratio asymptotics for multi-orthogonal polynomials of Nikishin systems

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Let  $S = (s_1, \dots, s_m)$  be a Nikishin system of measures supported on an interval  $[a, b]$  of the real line such that  $s'_k > 0, k = 1, \dots, m$ , a.e. on  $[a, b]$ . It is known that there exists a unique monic polynomial  $Q_n$  of degree  $nm$  such that for each  $k \in \{1, \dots, m\}$  and  $j = 0, \dots, n - 1$ .

$$\int x^j Q_n(x) ds_k(x) = 0.$$

We prove that there exists a function  $\Phi$  holomorphic in the complement  $D$  of  $[a, b]$  in the complex plane such that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{Q_{n+1}}{Q_n} = \phi$$

uniformly on compact subsets of  $D$ . This result extends to this setting E. A. Rakhmanov's Theorem on ratio asymptotics of orthogonal polynomials on the real line.